

RESOURCES OF ARIZONA.

JTS MINERAL, FARMING, GRAZING AND TIMBER LANDS;
ITS HISTORY, CLIMATE, PRODUCTIONS, CIVIL AND
MILITARY GOVERNMENT, PRE-HISTORIC
RUINS, EARLY MISSIONARIES,
INDIAN TRIBES, PIONEER
DAYS, Etc., Etc.

THIRD EDITION.

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Territory, and for the past four years has been used almost exclusively in southern and central Arizona. But the opening of the northern transcontinental line bids fair to bring the home product once more into general use. Already large shipments are being made from Flagstaff by way of Albuquerque to the towns and camps of the south, and with the opening of the proposed Mineral Belt mad, which will pass through the heart of the great forest, every foot of timber used in the Territory will be of native growth.

With the richest of mines, the finest of grazing and farming lands, extensive coal deposits and thousands of square miles of timber Arizona das, all the resources to make a

rich, populous aml prosperous State.

Nor has the Territory been neglected in the supply of water: The Colorado, the Gila, the Salt, the San Pedro the Verde, and scores of other streams are capable of irri gating vast stretches of land. We have seen that the Ternatory was at one time the bome of a dense population. The remains of acequias, or irriguting canals, are found in almost every valley, showing that hundreds of thousands of acres now relegated to the desert were ouce under cultivation. There is no reason to suppose that the rain or snowfall was greater then than now, but there can hardly be adoubt that ten times the acreage was cultivated. And the same nesult can be achieved again. The water supply of Arizona. is sufficient to irrigate nearly all the arably lands within her borders, and with a system as perfect as that which once prevailed as large an area can be reclaimed. On the judicious, careful and systematic handling of the water supply and its proper application to the soil depends the future of Anzona as an agricultural country. Here the nichest son without water is valueless for farming purposes. The min-fall is short and uncertain, and the tiller of the soil most always depend upon artificial means for the producof a crop. But, fortunately, the numerous streams and springs throughout the Territory supply him with the dement which causes the arid valley to bloom and blossom wire crown his habors with a generous yield. Although remiring some additional labor, this mode of cultivation commends itself for its certainty and for its large returns. When the farmer who depends on the natural aids to insure opp is harassed by spring deluges or summer droughts. the limitator has his water under control and cancapply