

3 2 5

**Boating in Arizona.**

It does one so much good to read of boating in Arizona that we produce the following account of a wreck on the Gila from the Arizonian:

On the 9th inst. the large ferry boat which had been used for years on the Salt River at the Maricopa crossing was floated down the river with the purpose of taking her to the Gila Bend crossing. Five men were manning her and everything was going on smooth until they reached a point about forty miles below Phenix, when the boat came in contact with a willow snag just in the middle of the river. The current of the river being about at the rate of fifteen miles per hour the five men lost control of her and she struck the snag. She was cut in two parts as if she had come across a buzz saw. She is a total loss. Her owners, Messrs. Vol Gentry and W. Cox, valued her at about \$1,000.

TOMBSTONE PROSPECTOR

JANUARY - - - - 24, 1889

LOCAL NOTES.

At the Pony, Clara Juice, Try it 284f Take your prescriptions to Yonge's Drug Store. 12 14f

C. E. Millar, representing Cerf Schloss & Co. of San Francisco, is in the city.

Boas Pike came in on the noon coach from Tucson. He is suffering from an attack of pneumonia.

Mrs. Richard Rule has gone to El Paso to join her husband, where he has located permanently.

All of the mining papers throughout the country are predicting the early rise in the price of silver.

An immense lot of new goods in the line of wall paper, crockery and Glassware just received at Baggs's.

Dispatches from Prescott come around by the way of Los Angeles and are from four to ten hours reaching Tombstone.

Wm. T. Fowler and Minerva E. Rankin were married by Judge Easton on Tuesday last. They reside in the Huachuca Mountains.

An accident befell telegraph operator Harrington this morning which well might result in breaking his right leg.

P. M. Hilton was acquitted in the Recorder's court yesterday on a charge of selling meat without a license. He had a jury trial and was defended by C. Granville Johnston.

The Palace Hotel is now better than ever prepared to accommodate the public. The only two-story hotel in the city. First class in every respect and furnished throughout in elegant shape. Tenth and Fifth street. Visitors to Tombstone should ask to be left at the Palace. 12-22f MR. BASTIAN, Proprietor.

Frank Wild, well known in this camp where he has resided for the last nine years, died this morning at Sullivan's lodging house, on Allen street. He had been suffering for many months from consumption, and his death was not unexpected.

The Mansion House, at Bisbee, is the only hotel in the copper camp. Forty elegantly furnished rooms. Just opened and everything new. Elegantly furnished club rooms. The bar is supplied with the best of liquors and cigars. Ask to be shown to the Mansion House when you go to Bisbee. LOUIS VITAL, Proprietor. 1 23 Im

The Tucson Star man is doing up the Commercial Club of that city, and says that it would be much better for the members and community if it be converted into a Board of Trade, instead of being run under the guise of a respectable gambling shop and gin mill, and that without paying license like other saloons.

Don't fail to get one or more tickets in the Battle at Henry Campbell's saloon for the elegant Black Bear and Wolf Bed Spreads and Rug. Only 85 tickets for the two robes and rug. Two highest first and second choice; lowest, third choice. These are new and choice goods and much cheaper than retail prices. 1-21f

A force of men is now at work, says the Citizen, asserting the slag dump at the old smelter in Benson, under the direction of Denver parties, and the greater part of the slag will be shipped to Denver. Some of this slag is very rich in silver and lead and will yield handsome returns. It is estimated that there will be at least sixty tons that will pay to ship. Capitalists from Denver were in Benson a few days ago looking at the smelter with a view to purchasing it.

"I spend \$5,000 a week in advertising," said Mr. John Wannamaker, of Philadelphia, one day last week, and I pay a skillful man—a former newspaper editor, and a good one—\$1,000 a month to do it for me. I make money by it. Advertising is the leverage with which this store has been raised up. I do not see how any large and successful retail business can be done without liberal advertising. I advertise in every issue except Sunday of every daily paper in Philadelphia. Continuous work is most effective."

A Rich Find.

Last week the school master at Contention, wishing to get a place to sleep where he could be by himself, looked around and meeting the watchman at the Head Center mill asked him if he could not occupy a vacant house which had not been used in some time, and which belonged to the company. The house contained a bed and mattress, blankets, etc. On entering the house the would-be occupant threw back the blankets on the bed, and discovered a quantity of small packages lying underneath which he proceeded to unwrap. They proved to be various articles of solid silverware such as napkin rings, forks, knives, etc., engraved with the name S. P. Thompson. The paper in which they were wrapped, was a Sacramento Record-Union of June 9, 1888. The only clue to the mystery connected with the identity of the party who placed them there, is the fact that a few weeks ago, two men came to the watchman and asked him for a place to sleep. They had their blankets with them and occupied the house for one night, returning the keys in the morning. The owner of the property will probably never be discovered.

A Royal Time.

A camp fire given in doors is a slight variation from one of those out door affairs, where beans without flux and coffee without milk is a luxury. It is customary with Burnside Post of this city to give a camp fire after the installation of officers. The affair came off last night at Masonic Hall, and to say that it was enjoyed by those present would be drawing it mild. Tables loaded with chicken, sandwiches, wine, beer, claret, coffee, and last but not least, an abundance of well-cooked beans, was tempting in the extreme. A large box of tobacco with an accompaniment of clay pipes adorned a stand on one side of the room. After the inner man was satisfied singing was the order of the balance of the evening, and the old soldiers joined in singing the old songs with a vim that made the rafters tremble. There were about thirty persons present outside of the representatives of the newspaper fraternity. The latter included the entire force of the PROSPECTOR from 'devil' to editor, who, if their actions did not express their thanks, take this opportunity to do so.

Boating in Arizona.

It does one so much good to read of boating in Arizona that we produce the following account of a wreck on the Gila from the Arizona: On the 9th inst. the large ferry boat which had been used for years on the Salt River at the Maricopa crossing was floated down the river with the purpose of taking her to the Gila Bend crossing. Five men were manning her and everything was going on smooth until they reached a point about forty miles below Phoenix, when the boat came in contact with a willow snag just in the middle of the river. The current of the river being about at the rate of fifteen miles per hour the five men lost control of her and she struck the snag. She was cut in two parts as if she had come across a buzz saw. She is a total loss. Her owners, Messrs. Vol Gentry and W. Cox, valued her at about \$1,000.

A Good Showing.

The following is taken from the report of the director of the mint, and gives the output of mineral for the different counties of the Territory:

Table with columns: County, Gold, Silver, Total. Rows include Coconino, Graham, Maricopa, Mohave, Pima, Pinal, Yavapai, Yuma.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that A. A. Castameda, of the firm of J. Goldwater & Co., has sold all her right, title and interest in the said firm to Lemuel Goldwater, who will in future be a full partner in all the firm's business houses. The present firm of J. Goldwater & Co. consists of J. Goldwater, A. Guindani and Lemuel Goldwater, who will collect all accounts due the late firm and who will pay all liabilities of said firm. J. GOLDWATER & Co. Dated Fairbank, Jan. 16, 1889. 1-21

GOVERNOR'S MESSAGE

A Synopsis of it as Presented to the 15th Legislative Assembly.

He Favors Statehood and Makes Many Recommendations.

The Governor's message as presented to the Fifteenth Legislative Assembly was brief and to the point. Below will be found a synopsis of its salient points and most interesting recommendations:

The present Commissioner of Immigration was appointed and qualified on the 12th of October last, and has displayed a most commendable zeal in advertising the varied resources of Arizona. He is now engaged upon his third pamphlet, which will be issued some time next month. Arrangements have been made with the leading trunk lines to distribute literature relative to the Territory, and the correspondence of this office is increasing all the time. There seems to be a great interest manifested in Arizona, and there is no doubt but that the time is most opportune for calling the attention of home-seekers and capitalists to the great possibilities of future development existing here. The tide of immigration is setting our way, and it seems reasonable to suppose that with proper effort on the part of the Territory we can double our population in the next two years.

The Board of Regents of the University have managed their trust with praiseworthy fidelity to the public interest. The building designed for a School of mines is far advanced, and reflects great credit upon the honesty, integrity and business care which has controlled its construction.

SCHOOL LANDS.

In this connection your attention is called to the importance of taking some action that will make the University and school lands available to the Territory. In my annual report to the Secretary of the Interior, October 1887 upon this subject I employed the following language: "By act of Congress there have been seventy-two sections of public lands within the Territory granted for the purposes of a university, also the sixteenth and thirty-sixth sections of every township for a school fund. The Territory is deprived of the use of these lands until it becomes a State. If the sixteenth and thirty-sixth sections in every township could be sold and the money arising from the same appropriated to defraying the school expenses of the Territory, it would prove a great benefit to the cause of education and greatly relieve our overburdened taxpayers."

MORTGAGE TAXATION.

Under the present law mortgages are exempt from taxation. All property should bear its just proportion of the public burdens, and why the money lender should be favored in this particular I cannot understand. An equitable way would be, it seems to me to assess the mortgage to its owner. This would so equalize the assessment that the owner of the mortgage and the property will bear their just proportion of the tax.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

The Governor then mentions the question of an increase in salaries of the various county officers, and says: The boards of supervisors are the legislative body of their counties, and have under their immediate supervision the revenue system, the accounts of the several county officers, the almshouse, public roads, public buildings and sanitary condition of their respective counties, and consequently the labors of the supervisors are increased proportionately with the size and growth of the counties. I would therefore recommend that a fixed quarterly salary be paid to the supervisors of counties of the first class commensurate with the duties and responsibilities of their office, instead of the per diem and mileage as at present allowed by law.

The same is true of, and the recommendations apply to the office of Probate Judge and County School Superintendent in counties of the first class.

CONFLICTING LAWS.

By Section 9, of Chapter 297, Revised Laws of the U. S., page 636, Vol. 24, a particular form of marriage certificate is to be made and signed and then filed and recorded in the office of the Probate Judge. Section 18, page 638, same chapter and vol. of U. S. laws, enows the wife or widow with a one-third interest in all the property of the husband. These statutes of the U. S. laws are in conflict with our Territorial laws, and I therefore recommend that Sections 3 and 5, Title 24, chapter 1, page 371, and also chapter 2, page 372, of our laws be amended so as to conform to the acts of Congress on the subject of marriage and the community of property of husband and wife.

RE-APPOINTMENT.

In the Legislative Assembly every county should have a representation in accordance with its vote or citizenship. The present apportionment made several years ago, operates unfairly to some of the counties that in the last few years have largely increased in wealth and population. Justice and fair-play would seem to demand at your hands a re-apportionment, based upon the popular vote at the last general election.

REMEDIAL LEGISLATION.

Under existing law there is no opportunity of redemption or foreclosure or execution sales on real property; all rights of the debtor pass from him without any chance or opportunity to redeem the same, upon the fall of the sheriff's hammer. The law is harsh and oftentimes works great hardship to the energetic class who are compelled to become borrowers. For the benefit of pioneer settlers who are building up the industrial resources of Arizona, remedial legislation in this respect is imperatively demanded.

THE GEOLOGICAL SURVEY.

The last Congress appropriated \$100,000 for the commencement of a survey of the arid belt of the United States. It is to be a complete topographical, hydrographical and engineering survey of the entire arid portion of the Union, which it is computed will take ten years time and the expenditure of \$5,000,000 to complete. It is not proposed by the government to do more than to show the area of land that can be reclaimed and the cost of such reclamation, the serious part of the business, the building of the canals, the construction of the reservoirs, dams, etc., is left to private capital and enterprise. The question for us to consider is, can this work be accomplished by community capital? The cost now to bring water over land is from five to ten dollars per acre. In most localities the latter figure. While it would be desirable to have every quarter section of land a home for the immigrant, yet, as a matter of fact, this is not so important as to have these lands reclaimed, made productive and thus add to the tax roll of the Territory. The idea of reserving the public domain to the poor settler is attractive in theory but impracticable as applied to the desert lands of Arizona, and it is my belief that the true interest of Arizona would be best subserved by allowing the desert entries to be made as at present; 640 acres of land is an incentive for men able to do the work to undertake the reclamation of these lands, and I hope that you, the representatives of the people, will protect against any abandonment or repeal of the desert land laws.

STATEHOOD.

For more than a quarter of a century the people of Arizona have been deprived of all voice in the government which they help by their taxes to maintain. A territorial system of government, modeled, as it is, after the old colonial government of Great Britain, against which our fathers revolted, was never designed to be more than temporary. Where a Territory had sufficient population and taxable property to be able to stand independent of the parent government it was the custom to admit it upon an equality with the original thirteen States. The time has now arrived when Arizona should be relieved from this state of tutelage and be endowed with the duties and responsibilities of Statehood. The rapid increase of wealth and population, the great natural but undeveloped resources, mineral and agricultural, the energy and patriotism of her people, are sure guarantees that she would wear robes of State sovereignty with dignity and honor.

STATEHOOD.

For more than a quarter of a century the people of Arizona have been deprived of all voice in the government which they help by their taxes to maintain. A territorial system of government, modeled, as it is, after the old colonial government of Great Britain, against which our fathers revolted, was never designed to be more than temporary. Where a Territory had sufficient population and taxable property to be able to stand independent of the parent government it was the custom to admit it upon an equality with the original thirteen States. The time has now arrived when Arizona should be relieved from this state of tutelage and be endowed with the duties and responsibilities of Statehood. The rapid increase of wealth and population, the great natural but undeveloped resources, mineral and agricultural, the energy and patriotism of her people, are sure guarantees that she would wear robes of State sovereignty with dignity and honor.

STATEHOOD.

For more than a quarter of a century the people of Arizona have been deprived of all voice in the government which they help by their taxes to maintain. A territorial system of government, modeled, as it is, after the old colonial government of Great Britain, against which our fathers revolted, was never designed to be more than temporary. Where a Territory had sufficient population and taxable property to be able to stand independent of the parent government it was the custom to admit it upon an equality with the original thirteen States. The time has now arrived when Arizona should be relieved from this state of tutelage and be endowed with the duties and responsibilities of Statehood. The rapid increase of wealth and population, the great natural but undeveloped resources, mineral and agricultural, the energy and patriotism of her people, are sure guarantees that she would wear robes of State sovereignty with dignity and honor.

STATEHOOD.

For more than a quarter of a century the people of Arizona have been deprived of all voice in the government which they help by their taxes to maintain. A territorial system of government, modeled, as it is, after the old colonial government of Great Britain, against which our fathers revolted, was never designed to be more than temporary. Where a Territory had sufficient population and taxable property to be able to stand independent of the parent government it was the custom to admit it upon an equality with the original thirteen States. The time has now arrived when Arizona should be relieved from this state of tutelage and be endowed with the duties and responsibilities of Statehood. The rapid increase of wealth and population, the great natural but undeveloped resources, mineral and agricultural, the energy and patriotism of her people, are sure guarantees that she would wear robes of State sovereignty with dignity and honor.

A Territorial government, depriving, as it does, the citizen of full participation in the government under which he lives, is repugnant to the enlightened sense of the American people, and there is no question but that our progress would be more rapid and our prosperity would be quickened if these disabilities were removed. I therefore recommend that at an early date you memorialize Congress to pass an enabling act whereby the people may elect delegates to a constitutional convention, preparatory to the admission into the American sisterhood of States.

CONCLUSION.

Our homes are here, our interests are here, and with intelligent zeal, far removed from selfish ends, it should be, and I doubt not will be, the purpose of each and every person connected with this Legislative Assembly to secure by the enactment of just and equitable laws the continued prosperity of the people whom we are called upon to serve. For myself my only ambition is to discharge the high and responsible duties imposed by my office with conscientious and jealous care for the people's interest, and you will find me at all times ready to do my part in securing legislation that will bring the most wholesome and permanent benefits to Arizona.

C. MAYER ZELICK,

Executive Chamber, Prescott, Arizona, January 21, 1889.

COAST CLIPPINGS.

Seattle, W. T. has a corner on wife heaters.

The estimated cost of cutting a canal from Lake Washington, near Seattle, to the sound to admit deep sea vessels to the lake, is \$1,500,000.

E. W. Colver, a prominent resident of Newcastle, Placer county, has committed suicide; he was short in his accounts as secretary of the Fruit Union.

An article in the Tacoma Ledger for which its editor is being prosecuted for libel, was headed, "Morgan's Hell; Twenty Innocent Girls Drugged and Ruined."

Three brothers named Robinson own a quartz ledge near Kernville. One digs the rock, another packs it to the arena, which is managed by the third. They clear \$300 to the ton of picked ore.

The badly decomposed body of a supposed German, about 60 years of age, was found near San Rafael January 15, in a tree, about fifteen feet from the ground. A rain umbrella was above the body.

A number of prominent Comstock residents, including a brace of mine superintendents, are lobbying for the passage a bill authorizing a State lottery.

Yesterday Superintendent Williams was notified by the Secretary of the Orphans' Home Board that his resignation as Superintendent of the Home would be accepted.

One Reno man who went to Carson knew something of the character of a State Legislature. He wore his watch on a chain weighing a pound and a half, and had the chain riveted to his vest.

John Webster, a mining engineer and manipulator of English capital, has arrived in Battle Mountain from London. Rumor says he has in view the purchase of valuable mining property in that vicinity.

So far as can be ascertained there will be no work done on the Nevada & California railroad north of Reno, before spring. Early in the season it is the intention of the company to send the train forward.

A stage-driver from Paradise to Winnemucca saw a large cat on top of a telegraph pole near the latter place on Saturday. He pulled his gun and killed the animal, which proved to be a wild-cat that weighed forty-five pounds.

The Reno Journal says: An interesting public building war is said to be in progress in Carson. It is between the superintendent of construction and the contractor. An agent has been detailed by the Government and is now on his way out from Washington to settle the difficulty.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

PALACE.

E. C. Gurvey, Bisbee; H. Meyerstein, A. Steinmann, J. L. Gerrant, B. D. Eke, San Francisco; George E. Moore, New York; John B. Power, Woollyan.

FRUIT TREES.

Two, Three and Four Year Old Fruit Trees.

Fruit trees, two, three and four year old, Umbrella, Mulberry, Peach, Pear, Apricot, Apple, Fig, Plum, Prunes, Nectarines, Almond, Japanese Persimmon, English Walnut, Pomegranate, fruiting; two-year old Grapes, Gooseberries, Raspberries; 1,000 Lombard bushes, 85 different varieties; Lilac, Carnation Pinks, Mock Orange, Magnolia, Pomegranate flowering, Honey-suckle, Lilly of the Valley, Cypress, Clematis, Passion Vine, Double Camellia, and many other plants received from California, for sale by William Brauch, corner of Second and Fulton streets, Tombstone, A. T. 1-2 Gu

There is no doubt that flying machines will yet be invented, but when it comes to the general public accepting that means of transportation the case is different. A seat in a parlor car comes about as near being a good thing as the average person wants.

In a late case on trial in Chicago the judge said: "If I found a private detective following me I should do my best to fix him so that he could never follow any one else. There should be a law to prevent any one employing these ghouls, who would swear away a soul for \$20."

While the Widow Lawrence, living on the bank of the Missouri River, above Lexington, was over at a neighbor's to learn the latest gossip, her house and half-acre of land went into the kerfplash. Had she been minding her business she would have been in the swim.

Fresh Ranch Butter from the ranch of J. H. White at Wenden. 27f

Job Work neatly executed at this office.

Trustees Sale.

Public notice is hereby given that whereas default has been made by B. Comstock and F. C. Brown in the payment of a certain promissory note, made and delivered to and accepted by them on the 21st day of September, A. D. 1887, in the amount stipulated in said promissory note, and whereas the said B. Comstock and F. C. Brown have been declared bankrupt, and whereas the said B. Comstock and F. C. Brown have also defaulted in the payment of their joint and several notes, made and delivered to the L. W. Blinn Lumber Company for three thousand, nine hundred and seventy dollars and eleven cents (\$3,970.11), and whereas the said B. Comstock and F. C. Brown are now due in the payment of said promissory note and the provisions of said deed of trust and said promissory note, and whereas the said B. Comstock and F. C. Brown have also defaulted in the payment of their joint and several notes, made and delivered to the L. W. Blinn Lumber Company for three thousand, nine hundred and seventy dollars and eleven cents (\$3,970.11), and whereas the said B. Comstock and F. C. Brown are now due in the payment of said promissory note and the provisions of said deed of trust and said promissory note, and whereas the said B. Comstock and F. C. Brown have also defaulted in the payment of their joint and several notes, made and delivered to the L. W. Blinn Lumber Company for three thousand, nine hundred and seventy dollars and eleven cents (\$3,970.11), and whereas the said B. Comstock and F. C. Brown are now due in the payment of said promissory note and the provisions of said deed of trust and said promissory note, and whereas the said B. Comstock and F. C. Brown have also defaulted in the payment of their joint and several notes, made and delivered to the L. W. Blinn Lumber Company for three thousand, nine hundred and seventy dollars and eleven cents (\$3,970.11), and whereas the said B. Comstock and F. C. Brown are now due in the payment of said promissory note and the provisions of said deed of trust and said promissory note, and whereas the said B. Comstock and F. C. Brown have also defaulted in the payment of their joint and several notes, made and delivered to the L. W. Blinn Lumber Company for three thousand, nine hundred and seventy dollars and eleven cents (\$3,970.11), and whereas the said B. Comstock and F. C. Brown are now due in the payment of said promissory note and the provisions of said deed of trust and said promissory note, and whereas the said B. Comstock and F. C. Brown have also defaulted in the payment of their joint and several notes, made and delivered to the L. W. Blinn Lumber Company for three thousand, nine hundred and seventy dollars and eleven cents (\$3,970.11), and whereas the said B. Comstock and F. C. Brown are now due in the payment of said promissory note and the provisions of said deed of trust and said promissory note, and whereas the said B. Comstock and F. C. Brown have also defaulted in the payment of their joint and several notes, made and delivered to the L. W. Blinn Lumber Company for three thousand, nine hundred and seventy dollars and eleven cents (\$3,970.11), and whereas the said B. Comstock and F. C. Brown are now due in the payment of said promissory note and the provisions of said deed of trust and said promissory note, and whereas the said B. Comstock and F. C. Brown have also defaulted in the payment of their joint and several notes, made and delivered to the L. W. Blinn Lumber Company for three thousand, nine hundred and seventy dollars and eleven cents (\$3,970.11), and whereas the said B. Comstock and F. C. Brown are now due in the payment of said promissory note and the provisions of said deed of trust and said promissory note, and whereas the said B. Comstock and F. C. Brown have also defaulted in the payment of their joint and several notes, made and delivered to the L. W. Blinn Lumber Company for three thousand, nine hundred and seventy dollars and eleven cents (\$3,970.11), and whereas the said B. Comstock and F. C. Brown are now due in the payment of said promissory note and the provisions of said deed of trust and said promissory note, and whereas the said B. Comstock and F. C. Brown have also defaulted in the payment of their joint and several notes, made and delivered to the L. W. Blinn Lumber Company for three thousand, nine hundred and seventy dollars and eleven cents (\$3,970.11), and whereas the said B. Comstock and F. C. Brown are now due in the payment of said promissory note and the provisions of said deed of trust and said promissory note, and whereas the said B. Comstock and F. C. Brown have also defaulted in the payment of their joint and several notes, made and delivered to the L. W. Blinn Lumber Company for three thousand, nine hundred and seventy dollars and eleven cents (\$3,970.11), and whereas the said B. Comstock and F. C. Brown are now due in the payment of said promissory note and the provisions of said deed of trust and said promissory note, and whereas the said B. Comstock and F. C. Brown have also defaulted in the payment of their joint and several notes, made and delivered to the L. W. Blinn Lumber Company for three thousand, nine hundred and seventy dollars and eleven cents (\$3,970.11), and whereas the said B. Comstock and F. C. Brown are now due in the payment of said promissory note and the provisions of said deed of trust and said promissory note, and whereas the said B. Comstock and F. C. Brown have also defaulted in the payment of their joint and several notes, made and delivered to the L. W. Blinn Lumber Company for three thousand, nine hundred and seventy dollars and eleven cents (\$3,970.11), and whereas the said B. Comstock and F. C. Brown are now due in the payment of said promissory note and the provisions of said deed of trust and said promissory note, and whereas the said B. Comstock and F. C. Brown have also defaulted in the payment of their joint and several notes, made and delivered to the L. W. Blinn Lumber Company for three thousand, nine hundred and seventy dollars and eleven cents (\$3,970.11), and whereas the said B. Comstock and F. C. Brown are now due in the payment of said promissory note and the provisions of said deed of trust and said promissory note, and whereas the said B. Comstock and F. C. Brown have also defaulted in the payment of their joint and several notes, made and delivered to the L. W. Blinn Lumber Company for three thousand, nine hundred and seventy dollars and eleven cents (\$3,970.11), and whereas the said B. Comstock and F. C. Brown are now due in the payment of said promissory note and the provisions of said deed of trust and said promissory note, and whereas the said B. Comstock and F. C. Brown have also defaulted in the payment of their joint and several notes, made and delivered to the L. W. Blinn Lumber Company for three thousand, nine hundred and seventy dollars and eleven cents (\$3,970.11), and whereas the said B. Comstock and F. C. Brown are now due in the payment of said promissory note and the provisions of said deed of trust and said promissory note, and whereas the said B. Comstock and F. C. Brown have also defaulted in the payment of their joint and several notes, made and delivered to the L. W. Blinn Lumber Company for three thousand, nine hundred and seventy dollars and eleven cents (\$3,970.11), and whereas the said B. Comstock and F. C. Brown are now due in the payment of said promissory note and the provisions of said deed of trust and said promissory note, and whereas the said B. Comstock and F. C. Brown have also defaulted in the payment of their joint and several notes, made and delivered to the L. W. Blinn Lumber Company for three thousand, nine hundred and seventy dollars and eleven cents (\$3,970.11), and whereas the said B. Comstock and F. C. Brown are now due in the payment of said promissory note and the provisions of said deed of trust and said promissory note, and whereas the said B. Comstock and F. C. Brown have also defaulted in the payment of their joint and several notes, made and delivered to the L. W. Blinn Lumber Company for three thousand, nine hundred and seventy dollars and eleven cents (\$3,970.11), and whereas the said B. Comstock and F. C. Brown are now due in the payment of said promissory note and the provisions of said deed of trust and said promissory note, and whereas the said B. Comstock and F. C. Brown have also defaulted in the payment of their joint and several notes, made and delivered to the L. W. Blinn Lumber Company for three thousand, nine hundred and seventy dollars and eleven cents (\$3,970.11), and whereas the said B. Comstock and F. C. Brown are now due in the payment of said promissory note and the provisions of said deed of trust and said promissory note, and whereas the said B. Comstock and F. C. Brown have also defaulted in the payment of their joint and several notes, made and delivered to the L. W. Blinn Lumber Company for three thousand, nine hundred and seventy dollars and eleven cents (\$3,970.11), and whereas the said B. Comstock and F. C. Brown are now due in the payment of said promissory note and the provisions of said deed of trust and said promissory note, and whereas the said B. Comstock and F. C. Brown have also defaulted in the payment of their joint and several notes, made and delivered to the L. W. Blinn Lumber Company for three thousand, nine hundred and seventy dollars and eleven cents (\$3,970.11), and whereas the said B. Comstock and F. C. Brown are now due in the payment of said promissory note and the provisions of said deed of trust and said promissory note, and whereas the said B. Comstock and F. C. Brown have also defaulted in the payment of their joint and several notes, made and delivered to the L. W. Blinn Lumber Company for three thousand, nine hundred and seventy dollars and eleven cents (\$3,970.11), and whereas the said B. Comstock and F. C. Brown are now due in the payment of said promissory note and the provisions of said deed of trust and said promissory note, and whereas the said B. Comstock and F. C. Brown have also defaulted in the payment of their joint and several notes, made and delivered to the L. W. Blinn Lumber Company for three thousand, nine hundred and seventy dollars and eleven cents (\$3,970.11), and whereas the said B. Comstock and F. C. Brown are now due in the payment of said promissory note and the provisions of said deed of trust and said promissory note, and whereas the said B. Comstock and F. C. Brown have also defaulted in the payment of their joint and several notes, made and delivered to the L. W. Blinn Lumber Company for three thousand, nine hundred and seventy dollars and eleven cents (\$3,970.11), and whereas the said B. Comstock and F. C. Brown are now due in the payment of said promissory note and the provisions of said deed of trust and said promissory note, and whereas the said B. Comstock and F. C. Brown have also defaulted in the payment of their joint and several notes, made and delivered to the L. W. Blinn Lumber Company for three thousand, nine hundred and seventy dollars and eleven cents (\$3,970.11), and whereas the said B. Comstock and F. C. Brown are now due in the payment of said promissory note and the provisions of said deed of trust and said promissory note, and whereas the said B. Comstock and F. C. Brown have also defaulted in the payment of their joint and several notes, made and delivered to the L. W. Blinn Lumber Company for three thousand, nine hundred and seventy dollars and eleven cents (\$3,970.11), and whereas the said B. Comstock and F. C. Brown are now due in the payment of said promissory note and the provisions of said deed of trust and said promissory note, and whereas the said B. Comstock and F. C. Brown have also defaulted in the payment of their joint and several notes, made and delivered to the L. W. Blinn Lumber Company for three thousand, nine hundred and seventy dollars and eleven cents (\$3,970.11), and whereas the said B. Comstock and F. C. Brown are now due in the payment of said promissory note and the provisions of said deed of trust and said promissory note, and whereas the said B. Comstock and F. C. Brown have also defaulted in the payment of their joint and several notes, made and delivered to the L. W. Blinn Lumber Company for three thousand, nine hundred and seventy dollars and eleven cents (\$3,970.11), and whereas the said B. Comstock and F. C. Brown are now due in the payment of said promissory note and the provisions of said deed of trust and said promissory note, and whereas the said B. Comstock and F. C. Brown have also defaulted in the payment of their joint and several notes, made and delivered to the L. W. Blinn Lumber Company for three thousand, nine hundred and seventy dollars and eleven cents (\$3,970.11), and whereas the said B. Comstock and F. C. Brown are now due in the payment of said promissory note and the provisions of said deed of trust and said promissory note, and whereas the said B. Comstock and F. C. Brown have also defaulted in the payment of their joint and several notes, made and delivered to the L. W. Blinn Lumber Company for three thousand, nine hundred and seventy dollars and eleven cents (\$3,970.11), and whereas the said B. Comstock and F. C. Brown are now due in the payment of said promissory note and the provisions of said deed of trust and said promissory note, and whereas the said B. Comstock and F. C. Brown have also defaulted in the payment of their joint and several notes, made and delivered to the L. W. Blinn Lumber Company for three thousand, nine hundred and seventy dollars and eleven cents (\$3,970.11), and whereas the said B. Comstock and F. C. Brown are now due in the payment of said promissory note and the provisions of said deed of trust and said promissory note, and whereas the said B. Comstock and F. C. Brown have also defaulted in the payment of their joint and several notes, made and delivered to the L. W. Blinn Lumber Company for three thousand, nine hundred and seventy dollars and eleven cents (\$3,970.11), and whereas the said B. Comstock and F. C. Brown are now due in the payment of said promissory note and the provisions of said deed of trust and said promissory note, and whereas the said B. Comstock and F. C. Brown have also defaulted in the payment of their joint and several notes, made and delivered to the L. W. Blinn Lumber Company for three thousand, nine hundred and seventy dollars and eleven cents (\$3,970.11), and whereas the said B. Comstock and F. C. Brown are now due in the payment of said promissory note and the provisions of said deed of trust and said promissory note, and whereas the said B. Comstock and F. C. Brown have also defaulted in the payment of their joint and several notes, made and delivered to the L. W. Blinn Lumber Company for three thousand, nine hundred and seventy dollars and eleven cents (\$3,970.11), and whereas the said B. Comstock and F. C. Brown are now due in the payment of said promissory note and the provisions of said deed of trust and said promissory note, and whereas the said B. Comstock and F. C. Brown have also defaulted in the payment of their joint and several notes, made and delivered to the L. W. Blinn Lumber Company for three thousand, nine hundred and seventy dollars and eleven cents (\$3,970.11), and whereas the said B. Comstock and F. C. Brown are now due in the payment of said promissory note and the provisions of said deed of trust and said promissory note, and whereas the said B. Comstock and F. C. Brown have also defaulted in the payment of their joint and several notes, made and delivered to the L. W. Blinn Lumber Company for three thousand, nine hundred and seventy dollars and eleven cents (\$3,970.11), and whereas the said B. Comstock and F. C. Brown are now due in the payment of said promissory note and the provisions of said deed of trust and said promissory note, and whereas the said B. Comstock and F. C. Brown have also defaulted in the payment of their joint and several notes, made and delivered to the L. W. Blinn Lumber Company for three thousand, nine hundred and seventy dollars and eleven cents (\$3,970.11), and whereas the said B. Comstock and F. C. Brown are now due in the payment of said promissory note and the provisions of said deed of trust and said promissory note, and whereas the said B. Comstock and F. C. Brown have also defaulted in the payment of their joint and several notes, made and delivered to the L. W. Blinn Lumber Company for three thousand, nine hundred and seventy dollars and eleven cents (\$3,970.11), and whereas the said B. Comstock and F. C. Brown are now due in the payment of said promissory note and the provisions of said deed of trust and said promissory note, and whereas the said B. Comstock and F. C